

# **Return-Suction Filters**

# E 598 · E 998

Tank top mounting · Connection up to -24 SAE and SAE 2½ · Nominal flow rate up to 850 l/min / 224.6 gpm





Return Suction Filter E 998

# Description

# **Application**

For operation in units with hydrostatic drives, when the return flow is under all operating conditions higher than the oil flow of the boost pump.

## **Performance features**

Protection against wear:

By means of filter elements that even in full-flow filtration meet the highest demands regarding cleanliness classes.

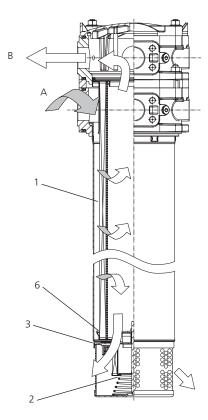
## Suction filter function:

Because of the 100%-filtration of the suction flow, no dirt can get into the boost pump.

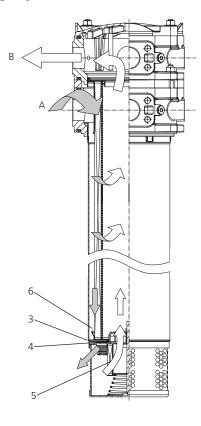
## Return filter function:

By means of full-flow filtration in the system return, the pumps above all are protected from dirt particles remaining in the system after assembly, repairs, or which are generated by wear or enter the system from outside.

## Function (schematic):



## **Emergency-suction (schematic):**



#### **Functional characteristics**

The hydraulic oil returning from the circuit (A) passes the filter element (1), is pressurized by a 0.5 bar / 7.3 psi check valve (2) and supplied to the boost pump (B). The surplus oil flows filtered over the integral check valve into the reservoir.

As the boost pump is always fed with pressurized oil, the risk of cavitation is minimized and full performance is available even during the critical cold start phase.

Six integral pressure relief valves (3) prevent too high back pressure and protects the shaft seals against damages. As this valves lead the oil directly into the tank there is no direct connection between the return line (A) and the connection of the boost pump (B) (no by-pass valve function).

The emergency-suction valve (4) with 200 µm protection strainer (5) supplies the boost pump in case of a short term of lack of oil. During normal operation, a lack of oil may definitely not occur (refer to "Design" section).

## Start-up / De-aeration

At first start-up or at start up after repair, deaerating instructions published by the manufacturers of hydraulic drives must be observed.

#### Filter maintenance

By using a clogging indicator the correct moment for maintenance is indicated and guarantees therefore the optimum utilization of the filter elements.

#### Filter elements

Flow direction from outside to the center. The star-shaped pleating of the filter material results in:

- ) large filter surfaces
- > low pressure drop
- high dirt-holding capacities
- long service life

The dirt collection bowl (6) prevents dirt particles accumulated at the filter element from entering into the tank during maintenance.

## Accessories

Electrical and / or optical clogging indicators are available. Dimensions and technical data see catalog sheet 60.20.

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#### General

In machines with a hydrostatic drive and combined working hydraulic system, return-suction filters replace the suction or pressure filters previously required for the feed pump of the closed-loop hydrostatic drive circuit as well as the return filter for the open-loop working hydraulic circuit.

While each circuit operates independently with separate filters, the combination of the two circuits via the return-suction filter causes interaction between the circuits. If the design criteria described below are taken into account, you can take full advantage of the benefits provided by the return-suction filter concept, thus making sure that your system performs reliably even under extreme operating conditions.

## Required return flow in the system

- In order to maintain a pre-charge pressure of approx. 0.5 bar / 7.3 psi at the intake of the feed pump, the return flow must exceed the suction flow under any operating conditions:
- Versions with hole (Ø 8 mm / 0.32 inch) in the pressurizing valve: at least 30 l/min / 7.9 gpm of excess flow

## Permitted feed pump flow rate

- at operating temperature (v < 60 mm²/s / 280 SUS, rpm = max): feed pump flow rate < 0.5 x rated return flow according to column 2 of selection table
- at cold start-up (v < 1000 mm²/s / 4635 SUS, rpm = 1.000 min⁻¹): feed pump flow rate < 0.2 x rated return flow according to column 2 of selection table.

Please contact us if your system operates with higher flow rates than stated above.

## Flow velocity in the connecting lines

- > Flow velocity in the return lines ≤ 4.5 m/s / 14.8 ft/s
- > Flow velocity in the suction lines  $\leq 1.5$  m/s / 4.9 ft/s

# Permitted pressure in the suction lines

At cold start up ( $v < 1000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s} / 4635 \text{ SUS}$ , rpm = 1.000 min<sup>-1</sup>): feed pump flow rate  $\leq 0.2 \text{ x}$  rated return flow. The pressure loss in the suction lines must not exceed 0.4 bar / 5.8 psi.

## **Backpressures in system return lines**

If drain oil from the hydrostatic drive is routed across the filter in addition to the flow of the open-loop circuit, the following has to be observed in order to protect the shaft seals:

- permitted leakage oil pressure for a given viscosity and speed (manufacturer's specifications!)
- > pressure loss caused by the leakage oil pipes
- > pressure loss caused by the oil cooler used
- backpressure of the filter for a given flow rate or kinematic viscosity (refer to pressure loss diagrams)

Depending on the application, the use of a cooler by-pass valve is recommended.

Generously sized drain oil pipes are also of advantage.

## Filter fineness grades

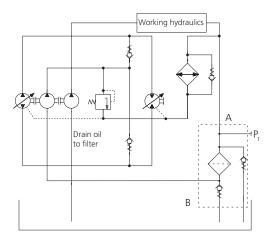
With the filter fineness grades available, the following oil cleanliness according to ISO 4406 can be achieved:

10EX2: 18/15/11 ... 14/11/716EX2: 20/17/12 ... 17/14/10

Even with the 16EX2 filter fineness grade, the requirements specified by manufacturers of hydrostatic drives are sometimes exceeded significantly. If components requiring a still better oil purity are used, we recommend the 10EX2 filter fineness grade.

## Suggested circuit layouts

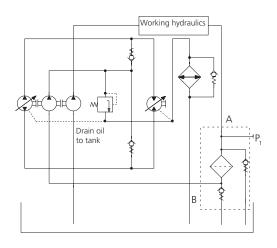
A) The leakage oil of the hydrostatic drive is routed across the filter.



The entire dirt produced in the hydrostatic drive by abrasion is filtered out immediately and is thus not taken in by the pump of the open-loop circuit.

This circuit layout is always recommended if the return flow only slightly exceeds the suction flow, i.e. if there is a risk that the 0.5 bar / 7.3 psi pre-charge pressure cannot be maintained.

B) The drain oil of the hydrostatic drive is not routed across the filter but is discharged directly into the tank.



This circuit layout has the advantage that drain oil pressures are comparatively low.

# Characteristics

#### Nominal flow rate

Up to 850 l/min / 224.6 gpm in return line (see Selection Chart, column 2).

Up to 425 I/min / 112.3 gpm feed pump flow rate (see Layout) The nominal flow rates indicated by ARGO-HYTOS are based on the following features:

- closed by-pass valve at  $v \le 200 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s} / 927 \text{ SUS}$
- element service life > 1000 operating hours at an average fluid contamination of 0.07 g per l/min / 0.27 g per gpm flow volume
- flow velocity in the return lines  $\leq 4.5$  m/s / 14.8 ft/s
- flow velocity in the suction lines  $\leq 1.5$  m/s / 4.9 ft/s

#### Connection

Threaded ports according to

- > ISO 228 or DIN 13
- > SAE standard J514
- > SAE flange (3.000 psi)

Sizes see Selection Chart, column 6 (other port threads on request).

Please consider the connection size regarding max. flow volumes.

#### **Filter fineness**

10 μm(c) ... 16 μm(c) β-values according to ISO 16889 (see Selection Chart, column 4 and diagram Dx).

## **Dirt-holding capacity**

Values in g test dust ISO MTD according to ISO 16889 (see Selection Chart, column 5).

## **Hydraulic fluids**

Mineral oil and biodegradable fluids (HEES and HETG, see info sheet 00.20).

## Temperature range

-30 °C ... +100 °C (temporary -40 °C ... +120 °C) -22 °F ... +212 °F (temporary -40 °F ... +248 °F)

## Viscosity at nominal flow rate

• at operating temperature:  $v < 60 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 

• as starting viscosity:  $v_{max} = 1200 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$ 

> at initial operation:

The recommended starting viscosity can be read from the diagram D (pressure drop as a function of the kinematic viscosity) as follows: Find the 70%  $\Delta p$  of the cracking pressure of the by-pass valve on the vertical axis. Draw a horizontal line so that it intersects the  $\Delta p$  curve at a point. Read this point on the horizontal axis for the viscosity.

## **Operating pressure**

Max. 10 bar / 145 psi

#### **Materials**

Screw-on cap: Aluminum alloy Filter head: Aluminum alloy

Filter bowl: Steel

Seals: NBR (FPM on request)

Filter media: EXAPOR®MAX 2 – inorganic multi-layer

microfiber web

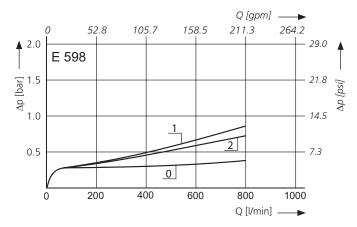
## Fitting position

Up to 15° from the vertical, preferably vertical.

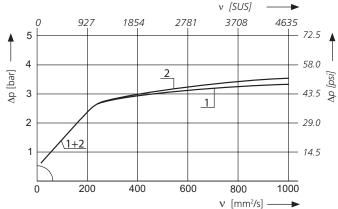
Even under unfavorable operating conditions (min. oil level, max. sloping) the oil outlet resp. emergency suction has to be below the oil level.

# $\Delta$ p-curves for complete filters in Selection Chart, column 3 (50 % of the nominal flow volume via connection B)

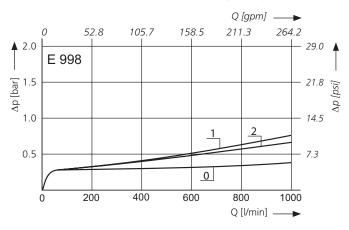
Pressure drop as a function of the **flow volume** at  $v = 35 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s} / 162 \text{ SUS } (0 = \text{casing empty})$ 



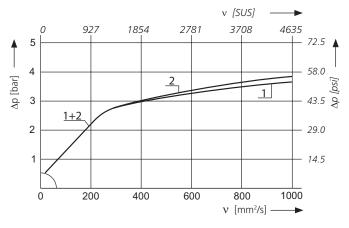
Pressure drop as a function of the **kinematic viscosity** at nominal flow



Pressure drop as a function of the **flow volume** at  $v = 35 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s} / 162 \text{ SUS } (0 = \text{casing empty})$ 

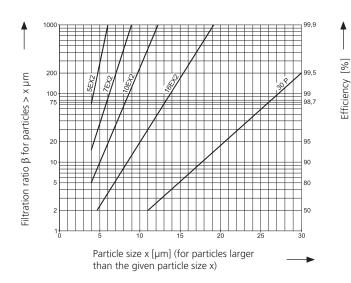


Pressure drop as a function of the **kinematic viscosity** at nominal flow



Filter fineness curves in Selection Chart, column 4

Filtration ratio  $\beta$  as a function of particle size x obtained by the Multi-Pass-Test according to ISO 16889



The abbreviations represent the following  $\beta\text{-values}$  resp. finenesses:

For EXAPOR®MAX 2 and Paper elements:

5EX2	=	$\overline{\underline{\beta}}_{5 (c)}$	= 200	EXAPOR®MAX 2
7EX2	=	$\beta_{7(c)}$	= 200	EXAPOR®MAX 2
10EX2	=	$\overline{\beta}_{10}$	= 200	EXAPOR®MAX 2
16EX2	=	$\overline{\beta}_{16}$ (c)	= 200	EXAPOR®MAX 2
30P	=	$\overline{\beta}_{30}$ (c)	= 200	Paper

Based on the structure of the filter media of the 30P paper elements, deviations from the printed curves are quite probable.

For special applications, finenesses differing from these curves are also available by using special composed filter material.

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	l/min			g		bar	bar				kg	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
E 598-256	470	<b>D1</b> /1	10EX2	170	2 + 5 connections	0.5	2.5	1	•	V7.1440-06	11.5	4+5
E 598-257	630	<b>D1</b> /2	16EX2	180	2 + 5 connections	0.5	2.5	1	•	V7.1440-07	11.5	4+5
E 998-256	680	<b>D2</b> /1	10EX2	270	2 + 5 connections	0.5	2.5	1	•	V7.1460-06	13.8	4+5
E 998-257	850	<b>D2</b> /2	16EX2	280	2 + 5 connections	0.5	2.5	1	•	V7.1460-07	13.8	4+5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The individual flow rates must be matched to the connections

All filters are delivered with plugged clogging indicator connections M12 x 1.5.

As clogging indicators on the return side  $(P_1)$  either manometers or electrical pressure switches can be used.

The monitoring of the vacuum on the suction side  $(P_2)$  is additionally possible.

Order example: The filter E 598-256 has to be supplied with 5 + 5 connections ( $A_1 ... A_5$ ,  $B_1 ... B_5$ ).

 Connections:

 2 various options are available:

 Option
  $A_1$   $A_2$   $A_3$   $A_4$   $A_5$   $B_1$   $B_2$   $B_3$   $B_4$   $B_5$  

 2 + 5 connections
 SAE  $2\frac{1}{2}$  G16
 G1\frac{1}{2} / SAE 1\frac{1}{2}
 G1
 G34
 G1\frac{1}{2} / SAE 2
 2

 5 + 5 connections
 G1\frac{1}{2} / SAE 1\frac{1}{2}
 G1
 G34
 G1\frac{1}{2} / SAE 2
 G1

For the appropriate clogging indicator see catalog sheet 60.20.

#### Remarks:

- > The start of the red area of the manometer respectively the switching pressure of the electrical pressure switch has always to be lower than the cracking pressure of the pressure relief valve (see Selection Chart, column 8).
- > Clogging indicators are optional and always delivered detached from the filter.
- > The filters listed in this chart are standard filters. If modifications are required, we kindly ask for your request.
- ▶ For de-aeration a bleed valve (for connection P₁) with Part No. SV 0112.15 is available.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cracking pressure of check valve

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cracking pressure of pressure relief valve

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> With hole Ø 8 mm / 0.32 inch in the check valve for oil drain when opening the filter cover

 $<sup>^{\</sup>scriptscriptstyle 5}$  With emergency-suction valve and protection strainer (mesh size 200  $\mu\text{m})$ 

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6}$  Connection G1 (A2) with locking screw

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	gpm			g		psi	psi				lbs	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
E 598-756	124.2	<b>D1</b> /1	10EX2	170	2 + 5 connections	7.3	36	1	•	V7.1440-06	25.4	4+5
E 598-757	166.4	<b>D1</b> /2	16EX2	180	2 + 5 connections	7.3	36	1	•	V7.1440-07	25.4	4+5
E 998-756	179.6	<b>D2</b> /1	10EX2	270	2 + 5 connections	7.3	36	1	•	V7.1460-06	30.4	4+5
E 998-757	224.6	<b>D2</b> /2	16EX2	280	2 + 5 connections	7.3	36	1	•	V7.1460-07	30.4	4+5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The individual flow rates must be matched to the connections

All filters are delivered with plugged clogging indicator connections M12 x 1.5 mm.

As clogging indicators on the return side  $(P_1)$  either manometers or electrical pressure switches can be used.

The monitoring of the vacuum on the suction side (P2) is additionally possible.

Order example: The filter E 598-756 has to be supplied with 5 + 5 connections ( $A_1 ... A_5$ ,  $B_1 ... B_5$ ).

Order description: E 598-856

#### **Connections:** 2 various options are available: Option $A_2$ $B_2$ Вз $B_5$ 2 + 5 connections SAE 2½ -16SAE<sup>6</sup> -20SAE7 / SAE 11/2 -16 SAE<sup>6</sup> -12 SAE8 -24 SAE<sup>9</sup>/SAE 2 5 + 5 connections -20SAE $^7$ / SAE $1\frac{1}{2}$ -16 SAE<sup>6</sup> -12 SAE<sup>8</sup> -24 SAE<sup>9</sup> / SAE 2 -20SAE7 / SAE 11/2 -16 SAE<sup>6</sup> -12 SAE<sup>8</sup> -24 SAE9/SAE 2 - 8

For the appropriate clogging indicator see catalog sheet 60.20.

## Remarks:

- The start of the red area of the manometer respectively the switching pressure of the electrical pressure switch has always to be lower than the cracking pressure of the pressure relief valve (see Selection Chart, column 8).
- > Clogging indicators are optional and always delivered detached from the filter.
- The filters listed in this chart are standard filters. If modifications are required, we kindly ask for your request.
- > For de-aeration a bleed valve (for connection P<sub>1</sub>) with Part No. SV 0112.15 is available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cracking pressure of check valve

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cracking pressure of pressure relief valve

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> With hole Ø 0.32 inch / 8 mm in the check valve for oil drain when opening the filter cover

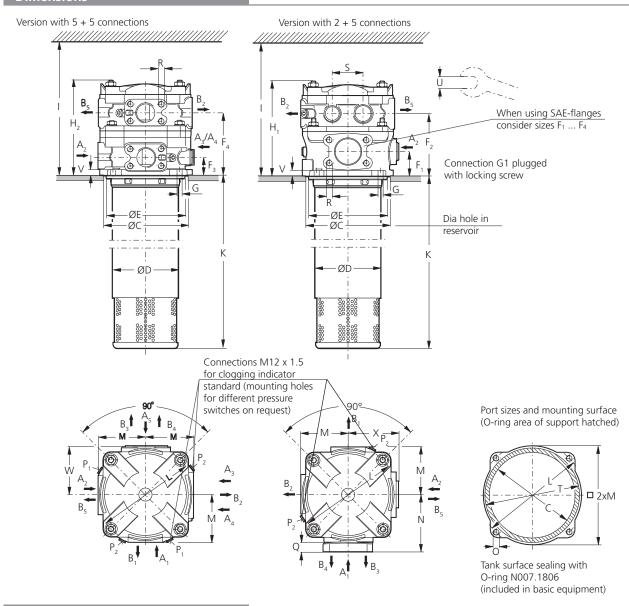
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> With emergency-suction valve and protection strainer (mesh size 200 μm)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Connection -16 SAE (A<sub>2</sub>) with locking screw

 $<sup>^{7}</sup>$  Corresponds to  $1^{5}\!/_{\!8}$  -12 UN-2B

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Corresponds to 1<sup>1</sup>/<sub>16</sub> -12 UN-2B

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Corresponds to 1<sup>7</sup>/<sub>8</sub> -12 UN-2B



# Measurements in mm

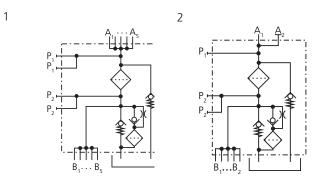
Туре	Α	В	С	D	Е	F <sub>1</sub> *	F <sub>2</sub> *	F <sub>3</sub> *	F <sub>4</sub> *	G	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	I
E 598	s. Selection	s. Selection	180	152	179	55	141.5	41.5	139.5	11.5	216	214	660
E 998	Chart	Chart	180	152	179	55	141.5	41.5	139.5	11.5	216	214	860
					1								
Туре	K	L	M	N	0	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	Х
E 598	406	220	106	125	M10	20	M12	70	200	AF 17	12	104	115
E 998	612	220	106	125	M10	20	M12	70	200	AF 17	12	104	115

# Measurements in inch

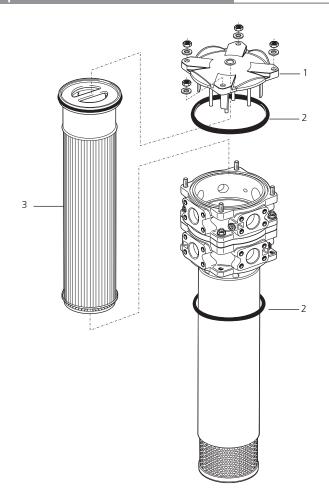
Туре	Α	В	С	D	Е	F₁*	F <sub>2</sub> *	F <sub>3</sub> *	F <sub>4</sub> *	G	H <sub>1</sub>	H <sub>2</sub>	- 1
E 598	s. Selection	s. Selection	7.09	5.98	7.05	2.17	5.57	1.63	5.49	0.45	8.50	8.43	25.98
E 998	Chart	Chart	7.09	5.98	7.05	2.17	5.57	1.63	5.49	0.45	8.50	8.43	33.86
Туре	К	L	M	N	0	Q	R	S	Т	U mm	V	W	х
E 598	15.98	8.66	4.17	4.92	M10	0.79	M12	2.76	7.87	AF 17	0.47	4.09	4.53
E 998	24.09	8.66	4.17	4.92	M10	0.79	M12	2.76	7.87	AF 17	0.47	4.09	4.53

<sup>\*</sup> For use of SAE-flanges see this measurement

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## **Spare Parts**



Pos.	Designation	Part No.
1	Cover assy	E 998.1200
2	O-ring 180 x 6 mm 7.09 x 0.24 inch	N007.1806
3	Replacement filter element	see Chart. / col. 11

The functions of the complete filters as well as the outstanding features of the filter elements assured by ARGO-HYTOS can only be guaranteed if original ARGO-HYTOS spare parts are used.

# **Quality Assurance**

# Quality management according to DIN EN ISO 9001

To ensure constant quality in production and operation, ARGO-HYTOS filter elements undergo strict controls and tests according to the following ISO standards:

ISO 2941	Verification of collapse / burst pressure rating
ISO 2942	Verification of fabrication integrity (Bubble Point Test)
ISO 2943	Verification of material compatibility with fluids
ISO 3968	Evaluation of pressure drop versus flow characteristics
ISO 16889	Multi-Pass-Test (evaluation of filter fineness and dirt-holding capacity)
ISO 23181	Determination of resistance to flow fatigue using high viscosity fluid

Various quality controls during the production process guarantee the leakfree function and solidity of our filters.

Illustrations may sometimes differ from the original. ARGO-HYTOS is not responsible for any unintentional mistake in this specification sheet.